Promoting Racial Literacy in Schools – Differences That Make a Difference by Howard C. Stevenson

RACIAL ENCOUNTER AWARENESS: STORYTELLING TO SAFELY SEE STRESS IN SOCIAL INTERACTIONS

Retelling of past experiences, memories, and in reflecting on current reactions to racially stressful interactions. Critical gueries to stimulate self and other observations include:

- When did/will I experience a racial encounter (elephant in the room) and what did/will I do?
- 2. What were my past experiences with racial socialization, i.e. what did my family tell me?
- 3. What are my current experiences with racial socialization, i.e. what do I tell my family?
- 4. What stories of racial stress do I remember over the course of my lifetime?
- 5. What do I notice in others who get upset by racial matters, politics, and conflicts?
- 6. What is my current knowledge of and emotional attachment to the history of my racial group?
- RACIAL ENCOUNTER STRESS APPRAISAL: JOURNALING FOR DEEPER SELF-REFLECTION

Writing down one's stories and experiences and rating the stress about the incidents: The ability to see yourself closely and how you react to stressful situations within a safe context like a diary – a diary of racial coping. Key questions to ask oneself:

- 1. What do I fear about racial/ethnic politics or experiences and how threatening are they to me?
- 2. When I get stressed during racial encounters, what body movements, behaviors, thoughts and emotions am I having and what do others see?

RACIAL ENCOUNTER ENGAGEMENT: DEBATING RACIAL ILLITERACY IN SELF AND OTHERS

Debating about racial matters and stereotypes is the best strategy to prepare for taking the risk to engage racial encounters. It builds character and self-control as it requires a regulation of emotions and a show of endurance under duress. Several questions can be used to trigger healthy engagement and debate of racial stereotyping conflict, or Whiteness ideology in a school setting:

- 1. How do I avoid running from stress before, during, and after the racial/ethnic conflicts?
- 2. How do I not avoid racial/ethnic conflicts by admitting to my fears and ask for help?
- 3. How do I survive racial/ethnic conflicts by affirming the worldviews of others?
- 4. How do I put more energy into listening and not reacting to my fears?
- 5. How do I create arguments to challenge stereotypes and inferiority?
- 6. How do I publicly present my arguments to challenge stereotyping? How do I develop healthy, witty, protective comeback lines to racial insults?

RACIAL ENCOUNTER RESOLUTION: ROLE-PLAYING FOR DIMINISHING RACIAL THREAT

Resolution of the racial/ethnic encounter is the goal that should aim for mutual respect and compromise. Students assess their performances by answering the following questions:

- 1. How well did I practice and resolve this racial encounter through role-play?
- 2. How well did I continue to calculate, locate, and communicate my stress levels while role-playing an encounter?
- 3. How well did I practice and use healthy comeback lines in my response to the racial encounter?